



bốn phân số, thứ tự các phép toán

Tên: _____

Ngày tháng: _____ Điểm: _____

$$30 \times \frac{1}{6} \div 6 + \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$25 \times \frac{3}{2} \div 5 + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$5 \times \frac{3}{5} \div 1 - \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{3}{4} - 30 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 6 =$$

$$\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + 70 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 10 =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$33 \times \frac{2}{3} \div 3 - \frac{3}{2} =$$



Tên: _____

Ngày tháng: _____ Điểm: _____

$$30 \times \frac{1}{6} \div 6 + \frac{1}{6} = 1$$

$$25 \times \frac{3}{2} \div 5 + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{47}{6} = 7\frac{5}{6}$$

$$5 \times \frac{3}{5} \div 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} - 30 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 6 = \left(-\frac{7}{4}\right) = \left(-1\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{23}{40}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{27}{20} = 1\frac{7}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + 70 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 10 = \frac{23}{6} = 3\frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{23}{40}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{5} = \left(-\frac{11}{40}\right)$$

$$33 \times \frac{2}{3} \div 3 - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{35}{6} = 5\frac{5}{6}$$