

quatro frações, ordem das operações com colchetes

Nome: _____

Encontro: Data: _____ Pontuação: _____

$$90\left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \div 10 =$$

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{5}\right) =$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4}\right) =$$

$$12\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \div 6 =$$

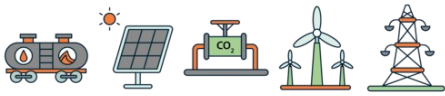
$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right) =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4}\right) =$$

$$88\left(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{5}\right) \div 11 =$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5}\right) =$$

$$(48 \div 8 - \frac{1}{5}) \times \frac{1}{3} =$$



quatro frações, ordem das operações com colchetes

Nome: _____

Encontro: Data: _____ Pontuação: _____

$$90\left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \div 10 = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{5}\right) = \left(-\frac{13}{15}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4} = \left(-\frac{29}{40}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{24}$$

$$12\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \div 6 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4}\right) = \frac{23}{240}$$

$$88\left(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{5}\right) \div 11 = 8$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{13}{10} = 1\frac{3}{10}$$

$$\left(48 \div 8 - \frac{1}{5}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{29}{15} = 1\frac{14}{15}$$