



quatro frações, ordem das operações

Nome: \_\_\_\_\_

Encontro: Data: \_\_\_\_\_ Pontuação: \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{3}{2} - 1 \times \frac{2}{3} \div 1 =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - 42 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 6 =$$

$$\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$15 \times \frac{3}{4} \div 3 + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + 36 \times \frac{1}{6} \div 6 =$$

$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{3} =$$



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$$\frac{3}{2} - 1 \times \frac{2}{3} \div 1 = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - 42 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 6 = \left(-\frac{29}{15}\right) = \left(-1\frac{14}{15}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} = \left(-\frac{2}{15}\right)$$

$$\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{43}{30} = 1\frac{13}{30}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$15 \times \frac{3}{4} \div 3 + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{49}{12} = 4\frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + 36 \times \frac{1}{6} \div 6 = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{4} = 1\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{3} = \left(-\frac{5}{18}\right)$$