quatro frações, ordem das operações

Nome: _____ Encontro: Data: _____ Pontuação: _____

$16 \times \frac{1}{6} \div 2 - \frac{1}{2} =$

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} =$

$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{5} =$

$\frac{1}{6} + 70 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 10 =$

$25 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 5 + \frac{1}{5} =$

$\frac{2}{5} + 21 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 7 =$

$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} =$

$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} =$

$\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{5} =$

$\frac{1}{3} + 42 \times \frac{3}{2} \div 6 =$

quatro frações, ordem das operações

Nome: _____ Encontro: Data: _____ Pontuação: _____

$16 \times \frac{1}{6} \div 2 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{6}$

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{9} = 1\frac{1}{9}$

$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{53}{60}$

$\frac{1}{6} + 70 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 10 = \frac{11}{3} = 3\frac{2}{3}$

$25 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 5 + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{28}{15} = 1\frac{13}{15}$

$\frac{2}{5} + 21 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 7 = \frac{7}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$

$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{24}$

$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} = (-\frac{1}{30})$

$\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{37}{30} = 1\frac{7}{30}$

$\frac{1}{3} + 42 \times \frac{3}{2} \div 6 = \frac{65}{6} = 10\frac{5}{6}$