



quatro frações, ordem das operações

Nome: _____

Encontro: Data: _____ Pontuação: _____

$$3 \times \frac{1}{4} \div 3 - \frac{3}{2} =$$

$$12 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 4 - \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$40 \times \frac{3}{2} \div 10 - \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$80 \times \frac{1}{6} \div 8 + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$5 \times \frac{2}{3} \div 1 - \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$56 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 8 - \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$63 \times \frac{1}{4} \div 7 - \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + 9 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 1 =$$

$$14 \times \frac{2}{5} \div 2 + \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - 10 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 2 =$$



Nome: _____

Encontro: Data: _____ Pontuação: _____

$$3 \times \frac{1}{4} \div 3 - \frac{3}{2} = \left(-\frac{5}{4}\right) = \left(-1\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$12 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 4 - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$40 \times \frac{3}{2} \div 10 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{11}{2} = 5\frac{1}{2}$$

$$80 \times \frac{1}{6} \div 8 + \frac{1}{3} = 2$$

$$5 \times \frac{2}{3} \div 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{17}{6} = 2\frac{5}{6}$$

$$56 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 8 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{13}{4} = 3\frac{1}{4}$$

$$63 \times \frac{1}{4} \div 7 - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{25}{12} = 2\frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + 9 \times \frac{1}{3} \div 1 = \frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$$

$$14 \times \frac{2}{5} \div 2 + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{89}{30} = 2\frac{29}{30}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - 10 \times \frac{1}{2} \div 2 = \left(-\frac{21}{10}\right) = \left(-2\frac{1}{10}\right)$$