



Aritmética dos expoentes (expoentes negativos)

Nome: _____

Encontro: Data: _____ Pontuação: _____

$$(-1) - 9 =$$

$$(-5)^{(-1)} + 10 =$$

$$8^{(-2)} + 7 =$$

$$(-9) - (-1) =$$

$$8^2 + 6 =$$

$$7^2 + 4 =$$

$$8^{(-2)} + (-7) =$$

$$5^2 - 4 =$$

$$4^{(-2)} + 6 =$$

$$3 + 8 =$$

$$(-4) + (-10) =$$

$$3^{(-2)} - (-5) =$$

$$(-3)^{(-2)} - (-8) =$$

$$(-9)^0 + 3 =$$

$$2^2 - (-3) =$$

$$(-3)^{(-1)} - (-7) =$$

$$9^2 - 10 =$$

$$(-4)^{(-2)} - 9 =$$

$$9^{(-1)} + 1 =$$

$$(-7)^{(-2)} - 2 =$$



Aritmética dos expoentes (expoentes negativos)

Nome: _____

Encontro: Data: _____ Pontuação: _____

$$(-1) - 9 = \textcolor{red}{(-10)}$$

$$(-5)^{(-1)} + 10 = \frac{49}{5} = \textcolor{red}{9\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$8^{(-2)} + 7 = \frac{449}{64} = \textcolor{red}{7\frac{1}{64}}$$

$$(-9) - (-1) = \textcolor{red}{(-8)}$$

$$8^2 + 6 = \textcolor{red}{70}$$

$$7^2 + 4 = \textcolor{red}{53}$$

$$8^{(-2)} + (-7) = \left(-\frac{447}{64}\right) = \textcolor{red}{(-6\frac{63}{64})}$$

$$5^2 - 4 = \textcolor{red}{21}$$

$$4^{(-2)} + 6 = \frac{97}{16} = \textcolor{red}{6\frac{1}{16}}$$

$$3 + 8 = \textcolor{red}{11}$$

$$(-4) + (-10) = \textcolor{red}{(-14)}$$

$$3^{(-2)} - (-5) = \frac{46}{9} = \textcolor{red}{5\frac{1}{9}}$$

$$(-3)^{(-2)} - (-8) = \frac{73}{9} = \textcolor{red}{8\frac{1}{9}}$$

$$(-9)^0 + 3 = \textcolor{red}{4}$$

$$2^2 - (-3) = \textcolor{red}{7}$$

$$(-3)^{(-1)} - (-7) = \frac{20}{3} = \textcolor{red}{6\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$9^2 - 10 = \textcolor{red}{71}$$

$$(-4)^{(-2)} - 9 = \left(-\frac{143}{16}\right) = \textcolor{red}{(-8\frac{15}{16})}$$

$$9^{(-1)} + 1 = \frac{10}{9} = \textcolor{red}{1\frac{1}{9}}$$

$$(-7)^{(-2)} - 2 = \left(-\frac{97}{49}\right) = \textcolor{red}{(-1\frac{48}{49})}$$