



tre brøk, deimnals, rekkefølge for operasjoner med  
parenteser

StudentName: \_\_\_\_\_

ExamDate: \_\_\_\_\_ ExamScore: \_\_\_\_\_

$$5\left(\frac{1}{3} + 2,6\right) =$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{3} - \frac{8}{5}\right) \div 4 =$$

$$\left(\frac{204}{5} + 4\right) \div 8 =$$

$$\left(\frac{28}{5} - 1\right) \div 2 =$$

$$(2 + 2,7) \times \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\left(27 - \frac{15}{4}\right) \div 5 =$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{2} + 4\right) \div 6 =$$

$$\left(5 - \frac{2}{5}\right) \times \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$\left(\frac{8}{3} - \frac{16}{3}\right) \div 8 =$$

$$2\left(4,8 - \frac{1}{4}\right) =$$



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$$5\left(\frac{1}{3} + 2,6\right) = \frac{44}{3}$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{3} - \frac{8}{5}\right) \div 4 = \left(-\frac{1}{15}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{204}{5} + 4\right) \div 8 = \frac{28}{5}$$

$$\left(\frac{28}{5} - 1\right) \div 2 = \frac{23}{10}$$

$$(2 + 2,7) \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{47}{30}$$

$$\left(27 - \frac{15}{4}\right) \div 5 = \frac{93}{20}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{2} + 4\right) \div 6 = \frac{11}{12}$$

$$\left(5 - \frac{2}{5}\right) \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{46}{25}$$

$$\left(\frac{8}{3} - \frac{16}{3}\right) \div 8 = \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$2\left(4,8 - \frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{91}{10}$$