



tre brøk, deimnals, rekkefølge for operasjoner med
parenteser

StudentName: _____

ExamDate: _____ ExamScore: _____

$$\left(\frac{153}{5} - 18\right) \div 6 =$$

$$\left(\frac{182}{5} - \frac{21}{5}\right) \div 7 =$$

$$\left(\frac{88}{5} - 6\right) \div 8 =$$

$$4\left(\frac{1}{2} - 2, 7\right) =$$

$$\left(2 - \frac{3}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$(4 - 3, 5) \times \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$(2 - 3, 7) \times \frac{3}{2} =$$

$$\left(5 - \frac{1}{6}\right) \times 4 =$$

$$(3 + 5, 2) \times 5, 2 =$$

$$\left(\frac{159}{5} - 4\right) \div 6 =$$



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$$\left(\frac{153}{5} - 18\right) \div 6 = \frac{21}{10}$$

$$\left(\frac{182}{5} - \frac{21}{5}\right) \div 7 = \frac{23}{5}$$

$$\left(\frac{88}{5} - 6\right) \div 8 = \frac{29}{20}$$

$$4\left(\frac{1}{2} - 2, 7\right) = \left(-\frac{44}{5}\right)$$

$$\left(2 - \frac{3}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$(4 - 3, 5) \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$(2 - 3, 7) \times \frac{3}{2} = \left(-\frac{51}{20}\right)$$

$$\left(5 - \frac{1}{6}\right) \times 4 = \frac{58}{3}$$

$$(3 + 5, 2) \times 5, 2 = \frac{1066}{25}$$

$$\left(\frac{159}{5} - 4\right) \div 6 = \frac{139}{30}$$