



tre brøk, deimals, rekkefølge for operasjoner med  
parenteser

StudentName: \_\_\_\_\_

ExamDate: \_\_\_\_\_ ExamScore: \_\_\_\_\_

$$(2 - 20) \div 8 =$$

$$(3 + 5,1) \times 4,1 =$$

$$2(4,7 + 4,9) =$$

$$\left(\frac{329}{10} + \frac{301}{10}\right) \div 7 =$$

$$\left(5 - \frac{2}{5}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$2\left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\right) =$$

$$(3 - 2,1) \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{5}\right) =$$

$$\left(24 + \frac{117}{5}\right) \div 6 =$$

$$2(5 + 4,2) =$$



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$$(2 - 20) \div 8 = \left(-\frac{9}{4}\right)$$

$$(3 + 5,1) \times 4,1 = \frac{3321}{100}$$

$$2(4,7 + 4,9) = \frac{96}{5}$$

$$\left(\frac{329}{10} + \frac{301}{10}\right) \div 7 = 9$$

$$\left(5 - \frac{2}{5}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{23}{15}$$

$$2\left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$(3 - 2,1) \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{20}$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{5}\right) = \frac{22}{15}$$

$$\left(24 + \frac{117}{5}\right) \div 6 = \frac{79}{10}$$

$$2(5 + 4,2) = \frac{92}{5}$$