

vier breuken, volgorde van bewerkingen met haakjes

Naam: _____

Datum: _____ Score: _____

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4}\right) \times \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2} =$$

$$40\left(\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \div 10 =$$

$$(40 \div 8 - \frac{2}{5}) \times \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$(42 \div 6 + \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{3}{2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}\right) =$$

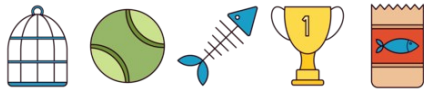
$$\left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}\right) =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}\right) =$$

$$(66 \div 11 - \frac{2}{5}) \times \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$(50 \div 5 + \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{1}{5} =$$



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$$\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4}\right) \times \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \left(-\frac{13}{8}\right) = \left(-1\frac{5}{8}\right)$$

$$40\left(\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \div 10 = \frac{18}{5} = 3\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\left(40 \div 8 - \frac{2}{5}\right) \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{69}{25} = 2\frac{19}{25}$$

$$\left(42 \div 6 + \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \frac{3}{2} = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4} = \left(-\frac{37}{36}\right) = \left(-1\frac{1}{36}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{77}{180}$$

$$\left(66 \div 11 - \frac{2}{5}\right) \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{28}{25} = 1\frac{3}{25}$$

$$\left(50 \div 5 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{21}{10} = 2\frac{1}{10}$$