



vier breuken, volgorde van bewerkingen met haakjes

Naam: _____

Datum: _____ Score: _____

$$(16 \div 2 - \frac{1}{5}) \times \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$60(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}) \div 10 =$$

$$(24 \div 4 + \frac{2}{3}) \times \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$8(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6}) \div 4 =$$

$$\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{5}) =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{6}(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}) =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{6}(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}) =$$

$$(44 \div 4 - \frac{1}{6}) \times \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$(24 \div 3 - \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2}) =$$



vier breuken, volgorde van bewerkingen met haakjes

Naam: _____

Datum: _____ Score: _____

$$(16 \div 2 - \frac{1}{5}) \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{39}{25} = 1\frac{14}{25}$$

$$60(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}) \div 10 = 6$$

$$(24 \div 4 + \frac{2}{3}) \times \frac{3}{5} = 4$$

$$8(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6}) \div 4 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{5}) = \frac{27}{20} = 1\frac{7}{20}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{6}(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{11}{40}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{6}(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{23}{120}$$

$$(44 \div 4 - \frac{1}{6}) \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{65}{18} = 3\frac{11}{18}$$

$$(24 \div 3 - \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{23}{6} = 3\frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2}) = 0$$