



drie breuken, volgorde van bewerkingen

Naam: _____

Datum: _____ Score: _____

$$3 \div 3 + \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{3} - 8 \div 1 =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + 48 \div 6 =$$

$$72 \div 9 + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} =$$

$$\frac{3}{2} + 10 \div 1 =$$

$$20 \div 2 - \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{5} =$$



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$$3 \div 3 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} - 8 \div 1 = \left(-\frac{23}{3}\right) = \left(-7\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + 48 \div 6 = \frac{17}{2} = 8\frac{1}{2}$$

$$72 \div 9 + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{25}{3} = 8\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} + 10 \div 1 = \frac{23}{2} = 11\frac{1}{2}$$

$$20 \div 2 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{19}{2} = 9\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{5} = \left(-\frac{31}{90}\right)$$