



quattro frazioni, ordine delle operazioni tra
parentesi

Nome: _____

Data: _____ Punteggio: _____

$$(30 \div 6 + \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$30(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{5}) \div 6 =$$

$$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}) =$$

$$(50 \div 10 + \frac{1}{5}) \times \frac{3}{2} =$$

$$(24 \div 6 + \frac{2}{3}) \times \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$42(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{3}{4}) \div 6 =$$

$$9(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2}) \div 1 =$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2}) \times \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$(72 \div 8 + \frac{3}{5}) \times \frac{2}{5} =$$



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$$(30 \div 6 + \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{11}{4} = 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} = 0$$

$$30(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{5}) \div 6 = (-\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}) = \frac{5}{24}$$

$$(50 \div 10 + \frac{1}{5}) \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{39}{5} = 7\frac{4}{5}$$

$$(24 \div 6 + \frac{2}{3}) \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{2} = 3\frac{1}{2}$$

$$42(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{3}{4}) \div 6 = (-\frac{49}{12}) = (-4\frac{1}{12})$$

$$9(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2}) \div 1 = \frac{33}{2} = 16\frac{1}{2}$$

$$(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{2}) \times \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{16}{15} = 1\frac{1}{15}$$

$$(72 \div 8 + \frac{3}{5}) \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{96}{25} = 3\frac{21}{25}$$