



tre brøker, rækkefølge for operationer med
parenteser

Navn: _____

Dato: _____ Score: _____

$$(2 + 9) \div 6 =$$

$$\frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6} \right) =$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{2} \right) \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \right) \times \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{5} \right) =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3} \right) \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{3} - 3 \right) \div 5 =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{5} \right) \times \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3} \right) =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \right) =$$



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$$(2 + 9) \div 6 = \frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6}) = \frac{2}{15}$$

$$(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{2}) \times \frac{1}{2} = (-\frac{5}{12})$$

$$(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{5}) = \frac{1}{15}$$

$$(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3}) \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{15}$$

$$(\frac{5}{3} - 3) \div 5 = (-\frac{4}{15})$$

$$(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{5}) \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{11}{30}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3}) = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}) = (-\frac{1}{12})$$